THE LABOR MARKET REPORT

Tennessee Department of Employment Security

Data for September 1991

Ned Ray McWherter, Governor

Johnny H. Hayes, Commissioner

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Per Capita Personal Income for Tennessee Counties, 1988-89 1
Labor Surplus Areas 3
County Unemployment Rates 3
Tennessee Civilian Labor Force Summary 4
State Unemployment Insurance Activities 6
Chattanooga MSA 7
Johnson City, Kingsport, and Bristol MSA 8
Knoxville MSA 9
Memphis MSA 10
Nashville MSA 11
U.S. Consumer Price Index 12

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME FOR TENNESSEE COUNTIES, 1988-89

Per capita personal income (PCPI) estimates are released by the Department of Commerce. PCPI is produced by dividing the annual personal income of residents (for the year) by resident population as of July 1.

Eleven Tennessee counties had a per capita income greater than the state average of $14,736. Five of these (Davidson, Rutherford, Sumner, Williamson, and Wilson counties) are part of the Nashville Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). Only Davidson and Williamson counties had a per capita income greater than the nation ($17,731). Williamson had the highest per capita income for the counties at $22,097, followed by Davidson County at $18,359.

Pickett County had the lowest county per capita income at $8,081, which was only 54.8 percent of the state figure. Hancock County ranked 94th with a per capita income of $8,160 which is 55.4 percent of the state figure.

Maury County's per capita income increased by 15.4 percent from 1988 to 1989 which was the largest percent increase among Tennessee's counties. Maury County's 1988 per capita income of $12,889 ranked 21st, but in 1989 it ranked 9th with a per capita income of $14,874.

The only county in Tennessee to decrease in per capita income from 1988 to 1989 was DeKalb County which dropped from $12,200 in 1988 to $12,136 in 1989.

	1988			1989			
	Dollars	Percent of State Average	Rank	Dollars	Percent of State Average	Rank	1988-89 Percent Change
Tennessee	$13,933			$14,736			5.8 %
Anderson	14,017	100.6 %	9	15,126	102.6 %	8	7.9
Bedford	13,740	98.6	12	14,567	98.9	12	6.0
Benton	11,169	80.2	49	12,048	81.8	45	7.9
Bledsoe	9,115	65.4	83	9,495	64.4	88	4.2
Blount	13,749	98.7	11	14,192	96.3	14	3.2
Bradley	13,107	94.1	18	13,827	93.8	19	5.5
Campbell	9,714	69.7	77	10,325	70.1	76	6.3
Cannon	11,591	83.2	40	12,245	83.1	35	5.6
Carroll	11,141	80.0	51	11,817	80.2	51	6.1
Carter	10,174	73.0	69	10,696	72.6	69	5.1
Cheatham	12,573	90.2	25	13,129	89.1	27	4.4
Chester	10,704	76.8	62	11,222	76.2	59	4.8
Claiborne	10,816	77.6	56	11,772	79.9	52	8.8
Clay	9,132	65.5	82	10,079	68.4	79	10.4
Cocke	9,284	66.6	80	9,841	66.8	80	6.0
Coffee	13,305	95.5	15	14,028	95.2	17	5.4
Crockett	10,767	77.3	59	11,819	80.2	50	9.8

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME FOR TENNESSEE, 1988-89

	1988			1989			
	Dollars	Percent of State Average	Rank	Dollars	Percent of State Average	Rank	1988-89 Percent Change
Cumberland	11,243	80.7	47	11,822	80.2	49	5.1
Davidson	17,497	125.6	2	18,359	124.6	2	4.9
Decatur	9,849	70.7	75	10,554	71.6	72	7.2
DeKalb	12,200	87.6	29	12,136	82.4	42	-0.5
Dickson	13,248	95.1	16	13,817	93.8	20	4.3
Dyer	12,834	92.1	22	14,161	96.1	15	10.3
Fayette	11,250	80.7	46	12,073	81.9	44	7.3
Fentress	8,028	57.6	92	8,489	57.6	93	5.7
Franklin	10,773	77.3	58	11,388	77.3	57	5.7
Gibson	12,635	90.7	23	13,251	89.9	25	4.9
Giles	12,605	90.5	24	13,239	89.8	26	5.0
Grainger	9,018	64.7	85	9,534	64.7	86	5.7
Greene	11,414	81.9	44	12,195	82.8	38	6.8
Grundy	9,013	64.7	86	9,797	66.5	81	8.7
Hamblen	11,736	84.2	36	12,735	86.4	30	8.5
Hamilton	15,985	114.7	4	16,672	113.1	4	4.3
Hancock	7,606	54.6	94	8,160	55.4	94	7.3
Hardeman	10,006	71.8	73	10,550	71.6	73	5.4
Hardin	10,624	76.3	64	11,135	75.6	61	4.8
Hawkins	10,335	74.2	67	10,935	74.2	66	5.8
Haywood	10,997	78.9	54	11,068	75.1	63	0.6
Henderson	10,780	77.4	57	11,433	77.6	56	6.1
Henry	11,095	79.6	52	11,850	80.4	48	6.8
Hickman	11,164	80.1	50	11,327	76.9	58	1.5
Houston	10,664	76.5	63	11,189	75.9	60	4.9
Humphreys	11,559	83.0	41	12,076	81.9	43	4.5
Jackson	9,175	65.9	81	9,646	65.5	84	5.1
Jefferson	11,195	80.3	48	12,006	81.5	46	7.2
Johnson	8,549	61.4	90	8,882	60.3	91	3.9
Knox	15,616	112.1	5	16,538	112.2	5	5.9
Lake	9,114	65.4	84	9,528	64.7	87	4.5
Lauderdale	10,753	77.2	60	11,035	74.9	64	2.6
Lawrence	11,673	83.8	38	12,221	82.9	36	4.7
Lewis	8,001	57.4	93	8,630	58.6	92	7.9
Lincoln	12,571	90.2	26	13,272	90.1	24	5.6
Loudon	12,002	86.1	32	12,615	85.6	32	5.1
Macon	10,446	75.0	65	10,632	72.1	71	1.8
Madison	13,151	94.4	17	14,062	95.4	16	6.9
Marion	10,189	73.1	68	10,635	72.2	70	4.4
Marshall	13,014	93.4	19	13,809	93.7	21	6.1
Maury	12,889	92.5	21	14,874	100.9	9	15.4
McMinn	11,431	82.0	43	12,399	84.1	34	8.5
McNairy	10,161	72.9	70	10,734	72.8	68	5.6
Meigs	9,965	71.5	74	10,280	69.8	77	3.2
Monroe	10,129	72.7	71	10,844	73.6	67	7.1
Montgomery	12,061	86.6	31	12,595	85.5	33	4.4
Moore	10,388	74.6	66	11,091	75.3	62	6.8
Morgan	8,654	62.1	89	9,543	64.8	85	10.3
Obion	13,387	96.1	14	13,791	93.6	22	3.0
Overton	8,545	61.3	91	8,962	60.8	90	4.9
Perry	10,902	78.2	55	11,585	78.6	55	6.3
Pickett	7,514	53.9	95	8,081	54.8	95	7.5
Polk	10,020	71.9	72	10,398	70.6	74	3.8
Putnam	12,521	89.9	27	13,379	90.8	23	6.9
Rhea	11,739	84.3	35	12,194	82.7	39	3.9
Roane	12,952	93.0	20	13,851	94.0	18	6.9
Robertson	11,800	84.7	34	12,142	82.4	41	2.9
Rutherford	14,299	102.6	8	14,859	100.8	11	3.9
Scott	8,895	63.8	88	9,087	61.7	89	2.2
Sequatchie	9,485	68.1	78	10,365	70.3	75	9.3
Sevier	11,980	86.0	33	12,663	85.9	31	5.7
Shelby	16,204	116.3	3	17,301	117.4	3	6.8
Smith	12,333	88.5	28	12,999	88.2	29	5.4
Stewart	10,713	76.9	61	11,015	74.7	65	2.8
Sullivan	13,408	96.2	13	14,303	97.1	13	6.7
Sumner	14,706	105.5	7	15,291	103.8	7	4.0
Tipton	11,604	83.3	39	11,919	80.9	47	2.7
Trousdale	11,269	80.9	45	11,729	79.6	53	4.1
Unicoi	11,084	79.6	53	11,678	79.2	54	5.4
Union	8,902	63.9	87	9,675	65.7	82	8.7
Van Buren	9,402	67.5	79	9,655	65.5	83	2.7
Warren	11,484	82.4	42	12,214	82.9	37	6.4
Washington	13,851	99.4	10	14,871	100.9	10	7.4
Wayne	9,840	70.6	76	10,243	69.5	78	4.1
Weakley	12,083	86.7	30	13,057	88.6	28	8.1
White	11,702	84.0	37	12,159	82.5	40	3.9
Williamson	21,297	152.9	1	22,097	150.0	1	3.8
Wilson	14,772	106.0	6	15,413	104.6	6	4.3

LABOR SURPLUS AREAS
ELIGIBLE FOR FEDERAL PROCUREMENT PREFERENCE
OCTOBER 1, 1991, THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 1992

Effective October 1, 1991, forty-three Tennessee jurisdictions were classified as "labor surplus areas" because of high unemployment. The new qualifying unemployment rate for classification as a labor surplus area is 6.6 percent, the same rate as for fiscal year 1990.

Labor surplus areas are classified so that more of the government's procurement dollars go where people are in the severest economic need. Employers in these areas are eligible for preference in bidding on Federal contracts.

The Department of Labor will continue to add areas to this list under its "exceptional circumstance" criteria. An example would be recent, sudden increases in unemployment which are not seasonal or temporary in nature. These increases must be a result of exceptional circumstances such as plant closures, natural disasters, or contract cancellations.

Campbell County
Cannon County
Carroll County
Cocke County
Cumberland County
Decatur County
Fayette County
Fentress County
Gibson County
Grainger County
Greene County
Grundy County
Hardin County
Haywood County
Henderson County
Hickman County
Houston County
Humphreys County
Jackson County
Johnson County
Lake County
Lauderdale County
Lawrence County
Lewis County
Macon County
Marion County
McMinn County
McNairy County
Meigs County
Monroe County
Morgan County
Overton County
Pickett County
Polk County
Rhea County
Roane County less Oak Ridge
Scott County
Sevier County
Unicoi County
Van Buren County
Warren County
Wayne County
White County

COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

County	September 1990	September 1991
Anderson	4.4	5.1
Bedford	6.5	9.2
Benton	7.5	7.2
Bledsoe	5.3	6.1
Blount	4.4	6.2
Bradley	4.4	6.3
Campbell	10.9	16.2
Cannon	9.7	7.3
Carroll	6.7	5.9
Carter	4.8	8.1
Cheatham	3.5	4.9
Chester	4.4	6.3
Claiborne	6.9	6.8
Clay	3.4	2.8
Cocke	8.4	10.6
Coffee	5.9	6.6
Crockett	3.8	5.1
Cumberland	6.3	8.4
Davidson	3.7	4.5
Decatur	9.0	14.1
DeKalb	6.3	6.9
Dickson	5.5	6.7
Dyer	5.4	8.0
Fayette	8.7	7.0
Fentress	9.1	8.0
Franklin	4.8	5.4
Gibson	6.4	6.9
Giles	7.4	7.8
Grainger	6.2	7.1
Greene	7.5	9.0
Grundy	9.7	11.5
Hamblen	5.3	8.3
Hamilton	4.3	5.7
Hancock	4.3	4.8
Hardeman	5.1	5.7
Hardin	5.9	9.4
Hawkins	3.7	4.9
Haywood	10.7	9.2
Henderson	6.9	9.3
Henry	6.9	6.4
Hickman	6.4	8.7
Houston	9.5	9.5
Humphreys	13.5	12.2
Jackson	7.0	6.0
Jefferson	5.3	7.1
Johnson	10.6	10.6
Knox	4.0	4.8
Lake	6.5	6.2
Lauderdale	6.6	7.7
Lawrence	11.7	12.5
Lewis	7.5	8.9
Lincoln	4.5	9.1
Loudon	4.8	7.4
Macon	6.1	8.3
Madison	4.9	6.3
Marion	6.8	8.5
Marshall	6.6	8.0
Maury	6.8	9.5
McMinn	7.4	8.3
McNairy	5.6	6.9
Meigs	7.2	11.3
Monroe	7.9	9.0
Montgomery	7.0	8.3
Moore	5.2	7.6
Morgan	7.5	7.9
Obion	5.7	8.2
Overton	8.0	8.7
Perry	8.7	7.5
Pickett	6.2	4.7
Polk	10.4	13.8
Putnam	6.5	5.3
Rhea	6.1	9.2
Roane	6.1	6.7
Robertson	4.9	6.4
Rutherford	6.1	5.5
Scott	9.8	11.0
Sequatchie	5.9	8.7
Sevier	4.3	4.3
Shelby	4.6	5.6
Smith	5.8	5.6
Stewart	4.9	5.7
Sullivan	3.8	4.6
Sumner	5.4	7.3
Tipton	4.3	6.1
Trousdale	4.9	9.4
Unicoi	6.8	9.3
Union	6.1	6.9
Van Buren	8.4	7.3
Warren	8.6	9.6
Washington	4.0	4.9
Wayne	8.7	9.4
Weakley	4.9	5.1
White	9.6	8.7
Williamson	2.9	3.2
Wilson	4.6	5.3

TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	September 1990				Revised August 1991				Preliminary September 1991			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
U.S.[1]	124,779,000	117,961,000	6,818,000	5.5	126,097,000	117,859,000	8,237,000	6.5	125,405,000	117,335,000	8,070,000	6.4
TENNESSEE[2]	2,409,800	2,284,900	124,900	5.2	2,416,600	2,266,300	150,300	6.2	2,420,700	2,269,500	151,200	6.2
METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS[3]												
CHATTANOOGA	212,600	202,400	10,200	4.8	213,200	201,000	12,200	5.7	213,600	201,700	11,900	5.6
JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL	220,500	210,300	10,200	4.6	223,400	211,900	11,500	5.1	224,300	212,200	12,100	5.4
KNOXVILLE	288,600	276,200	12,400	4.3	285,900	270,500	15,400	5.4	286,100	271,100	15,000	5.2
MEMPHIS	479,400	456,500	22,900	4.8	477,100	450,500	26,600	5.6	478,700	451,300	27,400	5.7
NASHVILLE	535,400	512,600	22,800	4.3	540,200	514,000	26,200	4.9	540,900	513,800	27,100	5.0

[1] Error range for these estimates is plus or minus 0.2 percentage points.

[2] Error range for these estimates cannot be computed.

Tennessee's estimated unemployment rate for September matched the August rate of 6.2 percent, but was one percent higher than last year's rate of 5.2 percent. Nationally, the unemployment rate in September was 6.4 percent, slightly lower than the August rate of 6.5 percent.

A comparison of September 1990 to September 1991 nonagricultural employment shows a loss over the one-year period of 15,300 jobs or seven-tenths of a percentage point. A breakdown by industry indicates that the losses were widespread and more than offset the gains made in services and transportation equipment.

Services over the year was up by 7,100 jobs or 1.4 percent with the majority of the growth occurring in health services, where 6,200 jobs were created. Transportation equipment increased by 1,700 or 4.2 percent. Manufacturing lost an estimated 7,600 jobs or 1.4 percent with major losses in apparel, down by 4.5 percent, and a decline in textiles of 6.3 percent. Trade over the year was down by 4,300 or eight-tenths of a percentage point, while construction declined by 7,900 jobs or 8.2 percent. Losses in construction and manufacturing reflect a low demand for housing and nondurable goods.

From August to September, state and local government employment was up by 17,300 with 15,100 of those jobs attributed to employment in local education. Manufacturing increased by 1,800 and services gained 1,500 jobs with over 1,300 of those in business services.

Across the state, 49 counties reported lower unemployment rates, 43 counties reported an increase, and three counties remained the same. Clay County at 2.8 percent, down from 4.5 percent in August, recorded the state's lowest unemployment rate. Campbell County at 16.2 percent, down from 16.3 percent, registered the state's highest unemployment rate.

STATEWIDE

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT* (in thousands)

Industry	September 1990	Revised August 1991	Preliminary September 1991	Net Change Sept. 1990 to Sept. 1991	Net Change Aug. 1991 to Sept. 1991
TOTAL	2,221.1	2,186.6	2,206.1	-15.1	19.5
Goods Producing	626.8	610.1	611.1	-15.7	1.0
Manufacturing	524.3	514.9	516.7	-7.6	1.8
Durable Goods	260.1	256.8	257.6	-2.5	0.8
Lumber & Wood Products	20.8	20.7	20.7	-0.1	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	27.5	26.0	26.3	-1.2	0.3
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	14.9	14.2	14.1	-0.8	-0.1
Primary Metal Industries	15.5	15.2	15.1	-0.4	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	43.3	42.8	43.0	-0.3	0.2
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	37.0	36.8	36.8	-0.2	0.0
Electronic & Other Electric Equip.	37.3	36.5	36.8	-0.5	0.3
Transportation Equipment	46.5	42.0	42.2	-4.3	0.2
Instruments & Related Products	11.1	11.0	11.0	-0.1	0.0
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	12.2	11.6	11.6	-0.6	0.0
Nondurable Goods	264.2	258.1	259.1	-5.1	1.0
Food & Kindred Products	39.0	39.5	39.4	0.4	-0.1
Meat Products	8.4	8.6	8.6	0.2	0.0
Tobacco	1.3	1.2	1.1	-0.2	-0.1
Textile Mill Products	20.8	19.5	19.5	-1.3	0.0
Knitting Mills	9.3	8.5	8.5	-0.8	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	61.5	61.1	61.6	0.9	0.5
Paper & Allied Products	22.3	22.2	22.4	0.1	0.2
Printing & Publishing	37.8	37.9	37.8	0.0	-0.1
Chemicals & Allied Products	39.6	39.0	39.0	-0.6	0.0
Petroleum Refining, Etc.	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.1	0.0
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	28.6	28.1	28.6	0.0	0.5
Leather & Leather Products	9.3	8.5	8.6	-0.7	0.1
Mining	6.2	6.0	6.0	-0.2	0.0
Construction	96.3	89.2	88.4	-7.9	-0.8
Service Producing	1,594.6	1,576.5	1,595.0	0.4	18.5
Transportation, Communication, & Public Util.	118.1	116.0	116.5	-1.6	0.5
Transportation	90.5	88.6	89.3	-1.2	0.7
Communications & Public Utilities	27.6	27.4	27.2	-0.4	-0.2
Trade	523.0	519.6	518.7	-4.3	-0.9
Wholesale Trade	129.5	127.1	126.9	-2.6	-0.2
Durable Goods	72.6	70.9	70.8	-1.8	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	56.9	56.2	56.1	-0.8	-0.1
Retail Trade	393.5	392.5	391.8	-1.7	-0.7
Building Materials & Garden Supplies	15.1	14.9	14.6	-0.5	-0.3
Retail General Merchandise	54.9	54.9	55.2	0.3	0.3
Food Stores	67.0	65.8	66.1	-0.9	0.3
Automotive Dealers & Service Stations	43.0	41.7	41.5	-1.5	-0.2
Apparel & Accessory Stores	22.0	22.4	22.5	0.5	0.1
Furniture & Home Furnishings	14.2	13.9	14.0	-0.2	0.1
Eating & Drinking Places	132.5	135.1	134.0	1.5	-1.1
Miscellaneous Retail	44.8	43.8	43.9	-0.9	0.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	102.7	102.3	101.5	-1.2	-0.8
Finance	47.2	47.1	46.8	-0.4	-0.3
Insurance	34.8	34.8	34.7	-0.1	-0.1
Real Estate & Investment Offices	20.7	20.4	20.0	-0.7	-0.4
Services	496.6	502.2	503.7	7.1	1.5
Hotels & Other Lodging	34.2	33.7	32.1	-2.1	-1.6
Personal Services	22.7	23.0	23.3	0.6	0.3
Business Services	94.2	93.6	94.9	0.7	1.3
Health Services	154.8	160.8	161.0	6.2	0.2
Hospitals	72.1	74.5	74.7	2.6	0.2
Government	354.2	336.4	354.6	0.4	18.2
Federal	62.6	60.1	61.0	-1.6	0.9
State**	89.7	86.4	91.0	1.3	4.6
State Education	45.2	41.7	46.8	1.6	5.1
Local**	201.9	189.9	202.6	0.7	12.7
Local Education	100.9	86.2	101.3	0.4	15.1

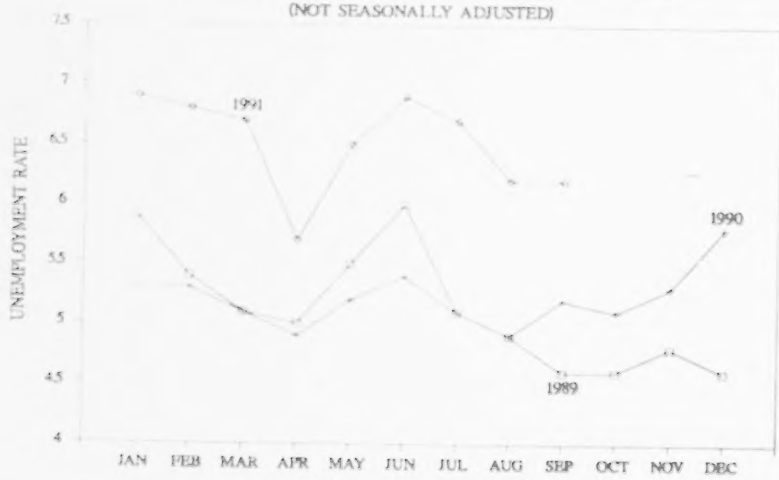
*Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991
All Manufacturing	379.27	392.20	396.01	39.1	39.8	39.8	9.70	9.98	9.95
Durable Goods	386.72	401.28	404.54	38.1	39.1	39.2	10.15	10.34	10.32
Lumber & Wood Products	262.54	278.64	278.78	39.9	39.3	39.6	6.58	7.09	7.04
Furniture & Fixtures	323.51	322.86	323.89	37.1	36.5	37.0	8.72	8.84	8.97
Stone, Clay, & Glass	565.88	486.40	500.61	43.0	40.0	40.7	13.16	12.16	12.30
Primary Metal Industries	536.36	510.38	507.94	44.0	41.8	41.6	12.19	12.21	12.21
Fabricated Metal Products	424.54	449.22	449.60	40.9	41.1	40.9	10.38	10.93	10.78
Ind. Machinery, Electronic, & Other Electric Equipment	357.40	387.66	389.78	37.9	39.0	38.9	9.43	9.94	10.02
Instruments & Related Products	343.47	384.07	379.66	39.8	39.8	39.6	8.63	9.65	9.36
Nondurable Goods	370.93	388.65	387.59	40.1	40.4	40.5	9.25	9.62	9.57
Food & Kindred Products	366.38	385.33	383.88	40.8	41.3	41.2	8.98	9.33	9.32
Textile Mill Products	328.30	329.64	332.42	41.4	42.7	42.4	7.93	7.72	7.84
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	226.92	245.06	248.34	36.6	37.3	37.4	6.20	6.57	6.64
Paper & Allied Products	529.70	544.95	521.26	44.7	45	44.1	11.85	12.11	11.82
Chemicals & Allied Products	526.32	539.17	548.05	43.0	40.6	41.3	12.24	13.28	13.27
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	457.97	469.96	457.45	41.9	41.7	41.7	10.93	11.27	10.97
Leather & Leather Products	254.87	278.51	285.42	38.5	41.2	42.6	6.62	6.76	6.70

TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



JANUARY 1989 - SEPTEMBER 1991

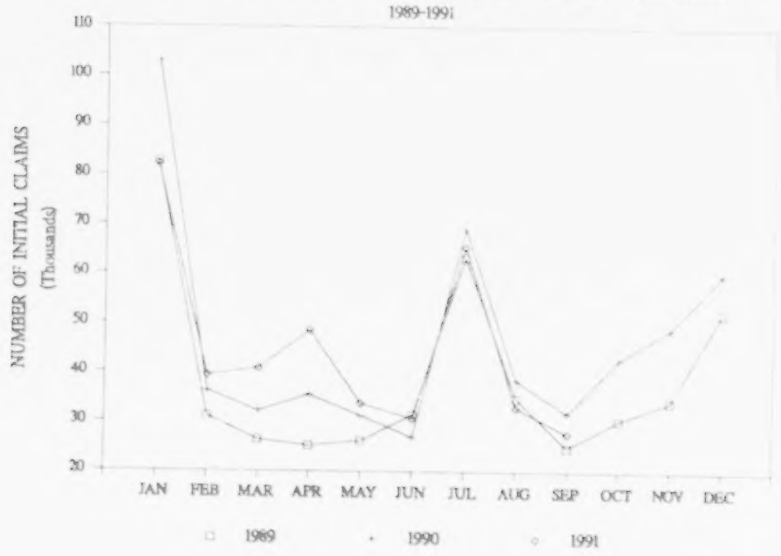
**Beginning in January 1991, two additional employment series were introduced: (1) State Educational Services, (2) Local Educational Services. In accordance with U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics procedures, all data have been revised for 1989 and 1990 based on the 1990 Benchmark and are available upon request.

The revisions also reflect additional data on student workers in state education which were previously unavailable and not included in total state government. The incorporation of student worker employment in the state government series reflects a more complete employment count and not actual growth in the state government series.

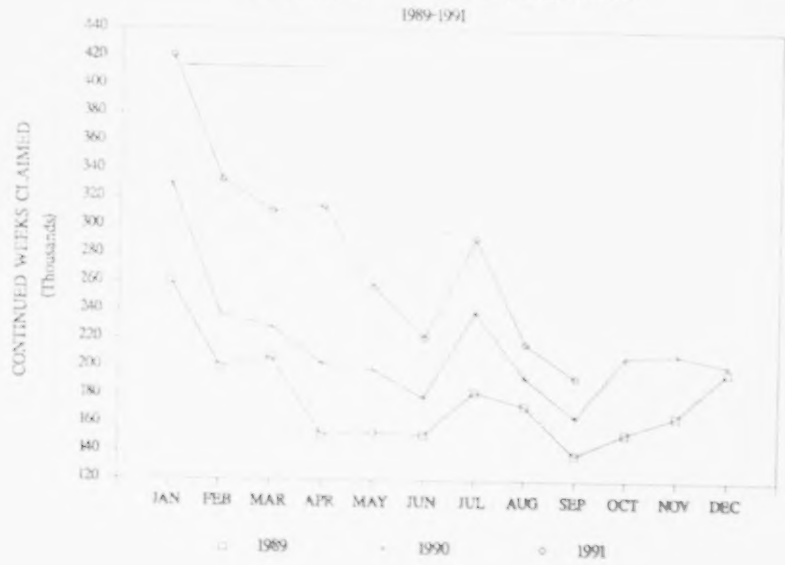
Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data are based on the 1990 benchmark.

STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

MONTHLY INITIAL UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS



MONTHLY UI WEEKS CLAIMED



STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM

CLAIMS	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991
Initial Claims	31,880	33,031	27,728
Continued Weeks Claimed	164,970	217,353	193,143
Nonmonetary Determinations	11,578	4,832	4,125
Appeals Decisions	1,076	1,680	1,276
Lower Authority	940	1,372	1,356
Higher Authority	136	308	230
BENEFITS			
Amount Paid	$16,600,711	$22,648,513	$20,708,281
Benefit Weeks Paid	144,622	193,128	172,208
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$116	$119	$123
First Payments	22,276	12,919	9,974
Final Payments	3,301	5,956	5,134
Average Weeks Duration	9	11	12
Trust Fund Balance	$677,399,853	$638,145,453	$619,510,329

FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS

FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES:	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991
Benefits Paid	$529,225	$1,188,310	$965,375
Benefit Weeks Claimed	2,703	5,170	4,662
Initial Claims	294	417	437
Continued Weeks Claimed	2,885	5,136	4,598
Appeals Decisions	18	19	19
FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL:			
Benefits Paid	$204,151	$285,943	$328,078
Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,313	1,509	1,710
Initial Claims	225	366	345
Continued Weeks Claimed	1,478	1,719	1,956
Appeals Decisions	7	7	5

CHATTANOOGA MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 1,500 between August and September. Federal government increased by 400 jobs. The reopening of schools caused a gain of 700 in state government and an increase of 500 in the services industry.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (In thousands)

Industry	Sept. 1990	Revised Aug. 1991	Preliminary Sept. 1991	Net Change Sept. 1990 to Sept. 1991	Net Change Aug. 1991 to Sept. 1991
TOTAL	203.7	200.8	202.3	-1.4	1.5
Goods Producing	54.4	52.6	52.4	-2.0	-0.2
Manufacturing	46.4	44.7	44.5	-1.9	-0.2
Durable Goods	17.9	16.9	16.8	-1.1	-0.1
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	3.4	3.4	3.3	-0.1	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	4.0	3.6	3.6	-0.4	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	3.1	2.8	2.8	-0.3	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	5.3	5.0	5.0	-0.3	0.0
Nondurable Goods	28.5	27.8	27.7	-0.8	-0.1
Food & Kindred Products	6.3	6.3	6.2	-0.1	-0.1
Textile Mill Products	12.3	12.1	12.1	-0.2	0.0
Knitting Mills	2.9	2.5	2.4	-0.5	-0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	1.8	1.5	1.5	-0.3	0.0
Paper & Allied Products	1.6	1.7	1.6	0.0	-0.1
Printing & Publishing	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	3.5	3.3	3.3	-0.2	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.0	0.1
Mining	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0
Construction	7.4	7.3	7.3	-0.1	0.0
Service Producing	149.3	148.2	149.9	0.6	1.7
Trans., Communication, & Public Utilities	9.3	9.3	9.3	0.0	0.0
Trade	48.4	48.3	48.5	0.1	0.2
Wholesale Trade	12.0	11.4	11.5	-0.5	0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	7.3	7.0	7.0	-0.3	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	4.7	4.4	4.5	-0.2	0.1
Retail Trade	36.4	36.9	37.0	0.6	0.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	13.1	13.5	13.4	0.3	-0.1
Services	42.8	42.7	43.2	0.4	0.5
Government	35.7	34.4	35.5	-0.2	1.1
Federal	9.1	8.7	9.1	0.0	0.4
State & Local	26.6	25.7	26.4	-0.2	0.7
State	7.1	6.6	7.3	0.2	0.7
Local	19.5	19.1	19.1	-0.4	0.0

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by piece of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 1990 benchmark.

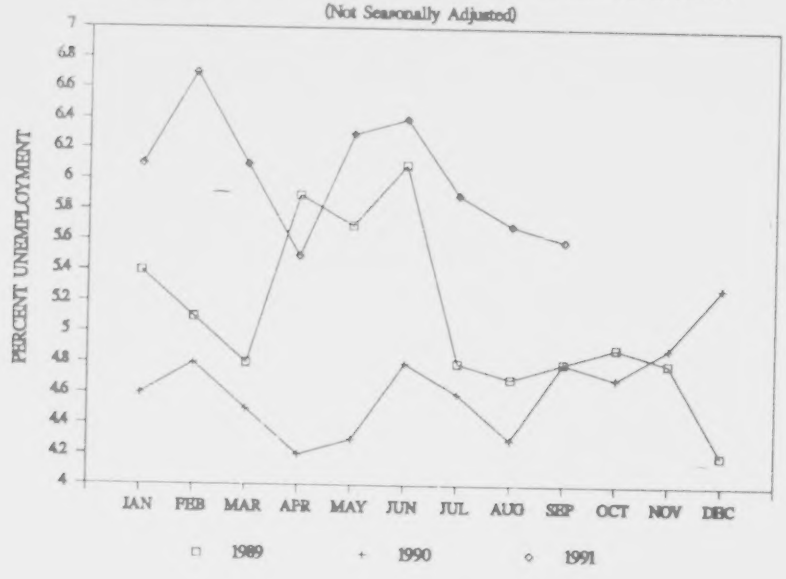
*The Chattanooga Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Hamilton, Marion, and Sequatchie counties in Tennessee and Catoosa, Dade, and Walker counties in Georgia.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — CHATTANOOGA MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991
All Manufacturing	357.28	424.45	419.38	40.6	41.9	41.4	8.80	10.13	10.13
Durable Goods	351.95	384.79	382.22	39.5	42.1	41.5	8.91	9.14	9.21
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	277.93	327.64	325.19	39.2	40.4	39.9	7.09	8.11	8.15
Primary Metal Industries	397.23	399.33	410.48	40.7	40.5	41.8	9.76	9.86	9.82
Fabricated Metal Products	320.14	425.17	406.21	37.4	41.0	40.1	8.56	10.37	10.13
Machinery, Except Electrical	502.07	445.88	430.64	41.7	41.4	39.8	12.04	10.77	10.82
Nondurable Goods	361.01	451.19	445.05	41.4	41.7	41.4	8.72	10.82	10.75
Textile Mill Products	323.57	479.03	461.03	40.7	41.8	41.2	7.95	11.46	11.19
Knitting Mills	257.11	305.64	303.52	40.3	46.1	45.1	6.38	6.63	6.73
Paper and Allied Products	549.60	527.24	550.24	51.8	46.7	46.2	10.61	11.29	11.91
Chemicals and Allied Products	484.04	554.98	578.06	41.3	42.3	43.3	11.72	13.12	13.35

CHATTANOOGA MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL MSA*

Total nonagricu'tural employment increased by 1,900 jobs between August and September. Other nondurable goods gained 200 jobs due to several small increases throughout the industry. State and local government increased by 1,200 due to a seasonal increase in educational employment. The services industry increased by 900 due to the reopening of private schools. The largest decreases were reported in retail trade (-300) and mining and construction (-200).

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	September 1990	Revised August 1991	Preliminary September 1991	Net Change Sept. 1990 to Sept. 1991	Net Change Aug. 1991 to Sept. 1991
TOTAL	173.5	171.6	173.5	0.0	1.9
Goods Producing	60.1	59.7	59.7	-0.4	0.0
Manufacturing	53.3	52.7	52.9	-0.4	0.2
Durable Goods	21.6	21.0	20.9	-0.7	-0.1
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	2.1	2.2	2.1	0.0	-0.1
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	2.3	2.2	2.2	-0.1	0.0
Primary Metal Industry and Fabricated Metal Products	4.6	4.4	4.3	-0.3	-0.1
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	6.7	6.9	7.0	0.3	0.1
All Other Durable Goods	5.9	5.3	5.3	-0.6	0.0
Nondurable Goods	31.7	31.7	32.0	0.3	0.3
Food & Kindred Products	2.3	2.4	2.5	0.2	0.1
Textile Mill Products	2.4	2.5	2.5	0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	3.8	3.4	3.5	-0.3	0.1
Paper & Allied Products and Printing & Publishing	6.4	6.3	6.2	-0.2	-0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	16.8	17.1	17.3	0.5	0.2
Mining & Construction	6.8	7.0	6.8	0.0	-0.2
Service Producing	113.4	111.9	113.8	0.4	1.9
Trans., Communication, & Public Util.	6.1	6.4	6.4	0.3	0.0
Trade	40.9	40.0	39.7	-1.2	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	8.1	7.7	7.7	-0.4	0.0
Wholesale Durable Goods	3.9	3.6	3.6	-0.3	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	4.2	4.1	4.1	-0.1	0.0
Retail Trade	32.8	32.3	32.0	-0.8	-0.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	5.2	5.2	5.2	0.0	0.0
Services	35.6	36.0	36.9	1.3	0.9
Government	25.6	24.3	25.6	0.0	1.3
Federal	3.4	3.4	3.5	0.1	0.1
State & Local	22.2	20.9	22.1	-0.1	1.2
State	6.0	5.1	5.9	-0.1	0.8
Local	16.2	15.8	16.2	0.0	0.4

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 1990 benchmark.

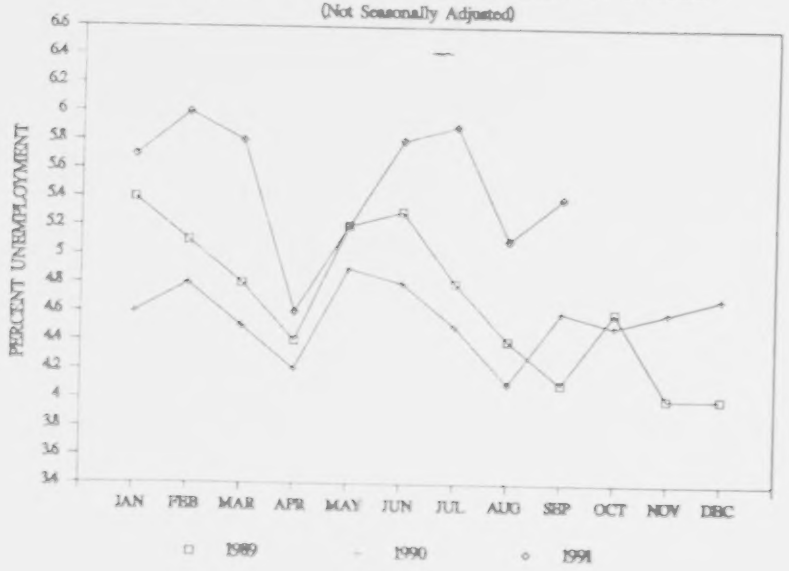
* The Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Carter, Hawkins, Sullivan, Unicoi, and Washington counties in Tennessee and Scott County, Washington County, and Bristol City in Virginia.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS JOHNSON CITY-KINGSPORT-BRISTOL MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991
All Manufacturing	411.88	439.55	437.13	40.7	40.4	40.4	10.12	10.88	10.82
Durable Goods	397.10	423.54	418.18	41.8	41.2	40.6	9.50	10.28	10.30
Primary & Fabricated Metal Prod	445.73	483.07	458.78	42.9	44.4	43.2	10.39	10.88	10.62
Mach. & Elec. and Electronic Equip.	353.14	339.86	358.14	41.4	35.7	35.6	8.53	9.52	10.06
Nondurable Goods	422.94	451.33	451.36	39.9	39.8	40.3	10.60	11.34	11.20
Food & Kindred Products	373.18	327.24	318.77	40.3	40.6	40.3	9.26	8.06	7.91
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	216.06	241.96	233.92	39.0	41.5	40.4	5.54	5.83	5.79

TRI-CITIES MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



KNOXVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 2,200 between August and September but decreased by 2,700 over the year. The largest increase of 2,200 jobs occurred in state and local government due to the reopening of schools. Other increases were reported in construction (+200) and wholesale durable goods (+200). Retail trade decreased by 400 jobs due to declines in automotive dealers; apparel and accessory stores; and eating and drinking places. Services decreased by 400 jobs due to declines in personal and health services.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	September 1990	Revised August 1991	Preliminary September 1991	Net Change Sept. 1990 to Sept. 1991	Net Change Aug. 1991 to Sept. 1991
TOTAL	269.1	264.2	266.4	-2.7	2.2
Goods Producing	65.9	61.5	62.0	-3.9	0.5
Manufacturing	50.6	48.4	48.7	-1.9	0.3
Durable Goods	30.8	29.2	29.4	-1.4	0.2
Lumber & Wood Products	2.2	2.0	2.0	-0.2	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	2.6	2.2	2.5	-0.3	0.1
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	2.6	2.5	2.5	-0.1	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	21.9	21.0	21.1	-0.8	0.1
Nondurable Goods	19.8	19.2	19.3	-0.5	0.1
Food & Kindred Products	3.6	3.5	3.5	-0.1	0.0
Textile Mill Products	1.8	1.7	1.8	0.0	0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	8.2	7.9	7.9	-0.3	0.0
Paper, and Printing & Publishing	4.0	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.2	2.1	2.1	-0.1	0.0
Mining	1.4	1.3	1.3	-0.1	0.0
Construction	13.9	11.8	12.0	-1.9	0.2
Service Producing	203.2	202.7	204.4	1.2	1.7
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	11.6	11.5	11.6	0.0	0.1
Trade	70.6	69.9	69.7	-0.9	-0.2
Wholesale Trade	15.6	14.9	15.1	-0.5	0.2
Wholesale Durable Goods	9.4	8.9	9.1	-0.3	0.2
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	6.2	6.0	6.0	-0.2	0.0
Retail Trade	55.0	55.0	54.6	-0.4	-0.4
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	10.3	10.4	10.4	0.1	0.0
Services	59.3	61.4	61.0	1.7	-0.4
Government	51.4	49.5	51.7	0.3	2.2
Federal	7.3	6.9	6.9	-0.4	0.0
State & Local	44.1	42.6	44.8	0.7	2.2
State	21.9	21.6	22.0	0.1	0.4
Local	22.2	21.0	22.8	0.6	1.8

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 1990 benchmark.

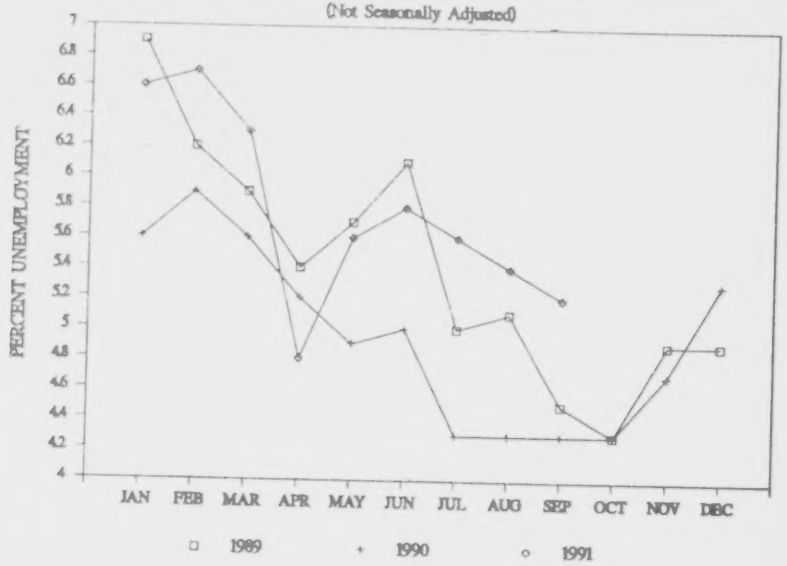
* The Knoxville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Anderson, Blount, Grainger, Jefferson, Knox, Sevier, and Union counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — KNOXVILLE MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept 1990	Aug 1991	Sept 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991
All Manufacturing	366.21	402.93	403.82	39.0	40.7	40.8	9.39	9.90	10.02
Durable Goods	397.19	440.35	445.17	39.6	41.7	41.8	10.03	10.56	10.65
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	363.72	386.22	389.99	42.0	40.4	41.4	8.66	9.56	9.42
Machinery, Except Electrical	377.91	445.94	414.50	38.8	46.5	45.6	9.74	9.59	9.09
Nondurable Goods	320.04	351.34	356.57	38.1	39.3	39.4	8.40	8.94	9.05
Food and Kindred Products	324.34	324.94	332.94	40.9	36.8	37.2	7.93	8.83	8.95
Textile Mill Products	315.92	384.17	415.71	35.9	41.0	44.7	8.80	9.37	9.30
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	268.99	295.16	295.66	38.1	40.6	39.9	7.06	7.27	7.41

KNOXVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



MEMPHIS MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 4,100 between August and September. The largest increase of 4,200 jobs was reported in state and local government due to the reopening of schools. Other increases occurred in paper and allied products (+300) due to seasonal factors and in transportation, communication, and public utilities (+200). Services decreased by 700 jobs partly due to seasonal declines in hotels and lodging. Finance, insurance, and real estate decreased by 200 jobs.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	September 1990	Revised August 1991	Preliminary September 1991	Net Change Sept. 1990 to Sept. 1991	Net Change Aug. 1991 to Sept. 1991
TOTAL	481.2	479.7	483.8	2.6	4.1
Goods Producing	84.1	82.6	83.1	-1.0	0.5
Manufacturing	63.0	62.2	62.8	-0.2	0.6
Durable Goods	27.8	27.6	27.9	0.1	0.3
Lumber & Wood Products	2.2	2.2	2.3	0.1	0.1
Sawmills & Planing Mills	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	2.2	2.0	2.0	-0.2	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	5.9	5.8	5.8	-0.1	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	5.6	5.6	5.7	0.1	0.1
Electronic & Electric Equipment	3.9	3.7	3.7	-0.2	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	8.0	8.3	8.4	0.4	0.1
Nondurable Goods	35.2	34.6	34.9	-0.3	0.3
Food & Kindred Products	7.3	7.3	7.3	0.0	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	2.1	2.1	2.2	0.1	0.1
Paper & Allied Products	8.4	8.0	8.3	-0.1	0.3
Printing & Publishing	6.4	6.2	6.2	-0.2	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	8.1	8.2	8.1	0.0	-0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.9	2.8	2.8	-0.1	0.0
Mining & Construction	21.1	20.4	20.3	-0.8	-0.1
Service Producing	397.1	397.1	400.7	3.6	3.6
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	47.9	47.4	47.6	-0.3	0.2
Trade	126.2	126.6	126.7	0.5	0.1
Wholesale Trade	39.0	39.7	39.7	0.7	0.0
Wholesale Durable Goods	24.1	24.4	24.4	0.3	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	14.9	15.3	15.3	0.4	0.0
Retail Trade	87.2	86.9	87.0	-0.2	0.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	25.2	25.5	25.3	0.1	-0.2
Services	122.1	125.0	124.3	2.2	-0.7
Government	75.7	72.6	76.8	1.1	4.2
Federal	19.4	20.0	20.0	0.6	0.0
State & Local	56.3	52.6	56.8	0.5	4.2
State	13.2	12.6	12.8	-0.4	0.2
Local	43.1	40.0	44.0	0.9	4.0

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 1990 benchmark.

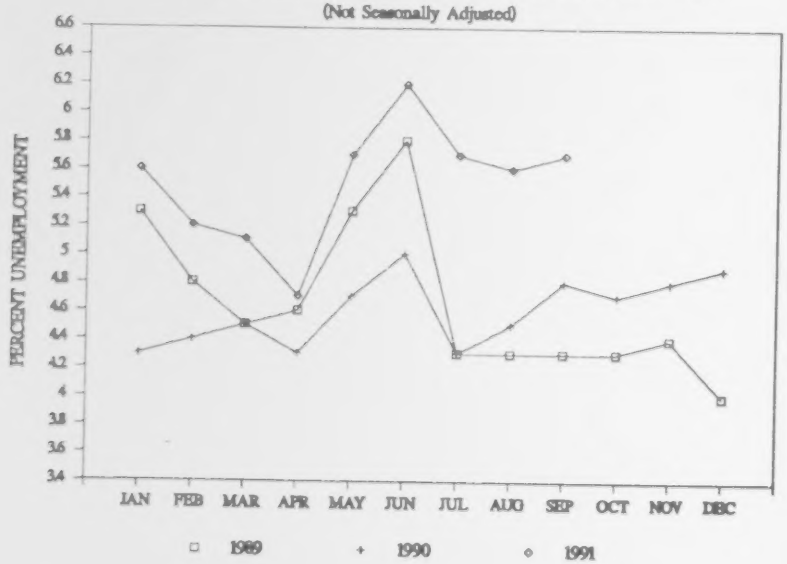
* The Memphis Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Shelby and Tipton counties in Tennessee, Crittendon County in Arkansas, and De Soto County in Mississippi.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — MEMPHIS MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991
All Manufacturing	391.23	425.39	414.92	40.5	41.1	41.0	9.66	10.35	10.12
Durable Goods	325.13	363.06	359.42	37.5	38.5	38.4	8.67	9.43	9.36
Lumber and Wood Products	235.82	280.06	307.86	40.8	39.5	42.0	5.78	7.09	7.33
Furniture and Fixtures	275.64	331.27	312.76	36.9	40.3	40.2	7.47	8.22	7.78
Nondurable Goods	450.58	479.14	461.17	43.2	43.4	43.1	10.43	11.04	10.70
Food and Kindred Products	417.24	405.42	409.51	45.6	45.4	45.1	9.15	8.93	9.08
Paper and Allied Products	478.51	511.87	478.41	43.9	43.9	43.1	10.90	11.66	11.10
Chemicals and Allied Prod.	553.84	623.45	615.88	43.0	44.5	44.5	12.88	14.01	13.84

MEMPHIS MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



NASHVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 3,800 between August and September. The largest increase of 2,800 was reported in state and local government due to the reopening schools. Services increased by 800 jobs partly due to a seasonal increase in educational employment. Retail trade increased by 300 jobs due to seasonal increases. Other increases occurred in machinery and electrical equipment (+200) due to returns from vacation and in petroleum, coal, and rubber (+200) due to a recall. The largest decrease of 400 jobs was reported in construction and mining.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (In thousands)

Industry	September 1990	Revised August 1991	Preliminary September 1991	Net Change Sept. 1990 to Sept. 1991	Net Change Aug. 1991 to Sept. 1991
TOTAL	505.9	505.5	509.3	3.4	3.8
Goods Producing	113.7	112.5	112.5	-1.2	0.0
Manufacturing	88.7	87.4	87.8	-0.9	0.4
Durable Goods	48.3	47.7	47.8	-0.5	0.1
Lumber & Wood Products	2.5	2.3	2.3	-0.2	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	3.5	3.2	3.2	-0.3	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	8.3	8.6	8.5	0.2	-0.1
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	14.5	14.7	14.9	0.4	0.2
Transportation Equipment	11.1	10.9	10.9	-0.2	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	8.4	8.0	8.0	-0.4	0.0
Nondurable Goods	40.4	39.7	40.0	-0.4	0.3
Food & Kindred Products	6.9	7.0	7.0	0.1	0.0
Textile Mill Products	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	2.9	2.8	2.9	0.0	0.1
Printing & Publishing	14.3	14.3	14.3	0.0	0.0
Petroleum, Coal, & Rubber Products	6.5	6.3	6.5	0.0	0.2
Leather & Leather Products	1.8	1.7	1.7	-0.1	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	6.1	5.7	5.7	-0.4	0.0
Mining & Construction	25.0	25.1	24.7	-0.3	-0.4
Service Producing	392.2	393.0	396.8	4.6	3.8
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	26.9	27.0	26.9	0.0	-0.1
Trade	124.4	126.0	126.2	1.8	0.2
Wholesale Trade	34.9	35.0	34.9	0.0	-0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	20.1	19.9	19.9	-0.2	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	14.8	15.1	15.0	0.2	-0.1
Retail Trade	89.5	91.0	91.3	1.8	0.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	30.8	30.5	30.6	-0.2	0.1
Services	141.2	142.5	143.3	2.1	0.8
Government	68.9	67.0	69.8	0.9	2.8
Federal	9.9	9.9	9.9	0.0	0.0
State & Local	59.0	57.1	59.9	0.9	2.8
State	23.9	22.6	23.5	-0.4	0.9
Local	35.1	34.5	36.4	1.3	1.9

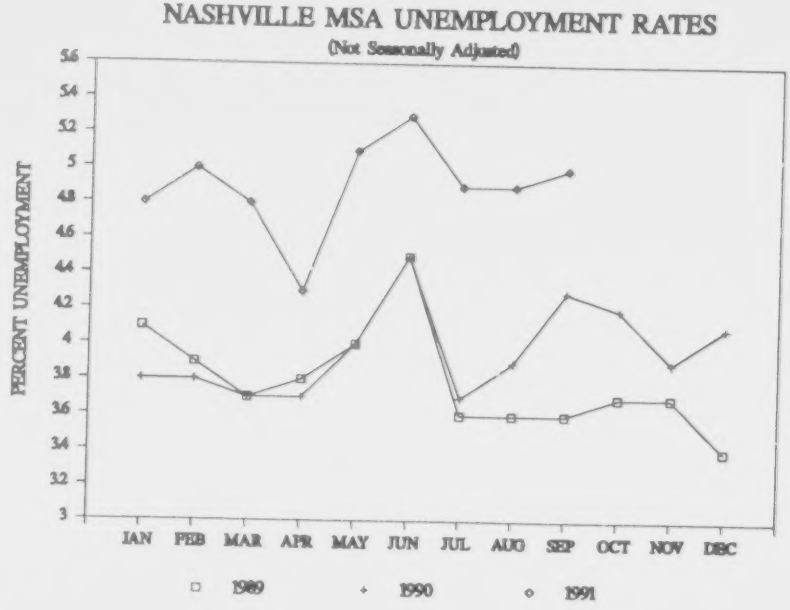
Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 1990 benchmark.

* The Nashville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Robertson, Rutherford, Sumner, Williamson, and Wilson counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — NASHVILLE MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991	Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Sept. 1991
All Manufacturing	455.94	473.63	473.91	40.1	42.1	42.2	11.37	11.25	11.23
Durable Goods	476.16	497.12	500.86	38.4	41.6	41.6	12.40	11.95	12.04
Nondurable Goods	425.15	439.38	436.02	42.6	42.7	43.0	9.98	10.29	10.14
Food and Kindred Products	454.68	445.99	451.79	42.1	43.3	43.4	10.80	10.30	10.41
Printing and Publishing	356.24	411.82	415.58	40.9	41.1	41.6	8.71	10.02	9.99



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U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

Group	All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers			All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers		
	UNITED STATES	Unadjusted percent change to Sept. 1991 from		UNITED STATES	Unadjusted percent change to Sept. 1991 from		MIAMI-FORT LAUDER-DALE	Unadjusted percent change to Sept. 1991 from		MIAMI-FORT LAUDER-DALE	Unadjusted percent change to Sept. 1991 from	
		Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991		Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991		Sept. 1990	July 1991		Sept. 1990	July 1991
All items (1982-84=100)	137.2	3.4	0.4	135.2	3.1	0.4	132.1	1.5	0.1	130.2	1.6	0
All items (1967=100)	411.1	-	-	402.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All items (Nov. 1977=100)	-	-	-	-	-	-	213.0	-	-	211.6	-	-
Food and beverages	136.7	2.8	0.1	136.5	2.9	0.1	138.2	2.8	0.1	138.0	2.8	- 0.3
Food	136.0	2.1	0	135.8	2.1	0	139.2	2.7	- 0.6	138.6	2.4	- 0.6
Food at home	134.9	1.5	0	134.7	1.6	0	133.2	1.6	- 1.2	133.2	1.8	- 0.8
Food away from home	138.9	3.2	0.1	138.7	3.1	0.1	147.8	3.4	- 0.1	145.1	3.5	- 0.1
Alcoholic beverages	144.4	10.4	0.4	144.0	10.4	0.2	128.3	8.5	6.5	128.3	8.5	3.4
Housing	134.7	3.2	0.1	132.4	3.2	0.3	123.7	0.5	- 1.4	123.4	0.5	- 0.3
Shelter	147.4	3.6	0.1	143.6	3.5	0.2	126.9	0.7	- 0.7	126.9	0.6	- 0.1
Renters' costs 1/ 2/	156.2	4.9	- 1.1	137.8	4.4	- 0.5	130.1	2.0	- 0.8	123.5	1.6	- 0.2
Rent, residential	144.6	3.2	0.8	144.2	3.3	0.7	122.0	1.3	1.2	122.0	1.0	1.2
Apparel and upkeep	131.3	3.5	2.9	129.7	3.2	2.6	140.6	1.4	2.6	139.9	1.9	2.9
Transportation	123.8	0.7	0	123.3	0.3	0.1	124.4	1.1	0.1	121.5	1.5	0.2
Medical care	179.7	8.4	0.4	179.2	8.3	0.5	162.9	4.2	- 0.1	161.8	4.0	- 0.1
Entertainment	140.2	4.5	0.7	138.7	4.4	0.8	126.4	3.5	- 0.5	127.9	3.5	- 0.5
Other goods & services	175.8	8.1	2.1	175.5	8.1	1.7	162.2	2.1	1.1	159.7	2.0	0.5
Purchasing power of the dollar--1982-84=$1.00	$.729	- 3.3	- 0.4	$.739	- 3.1	- 0.5	$.757	- 1.6	- 0.1	$.768	- 1.5	0

Group size	All urban consumers				Wage earners and clerical workers			
	All items	Percent change to Sept. 1991 from -- Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Dec. 1977=100	All items	Percent change to Sept. 1991 from -- Sept. 1990	Aug. 1991	Dec. 1977=100
SOUTH (1982-84=100)	133.8	3.2	0.4	212.1	132.7	2.9	0.4	215.0
Less than 50,000 pop.	132.6	3.0	0.1	210.3	133.0	2.7	0.1	215.3
50,000-450,000 pop.	132.4	3.0	0.4	210.0	132.7	2.9	0.5	214.8
450,000-1,200,000 pop.	135.3	3.5	0.2	214.6	132.5	3.3	0.3	214.7
1,200,000 or more pop.	134.4	3.2	0.6	213.1	132.9	2.9	0.5	215.3

NOTE: Effective in 1987, the frequency of publication for the Atlanta indexes was changed from bimonthly to semiannual. Because they are based on smaller samples, local area indexes are subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than national indexes. BLS strongly urges users to consider the use of national indexes in escalator agreements.

1/ United States base year is December 1982 for CPI-U, December 1984 for CPI-W.
2/ Miami base year is November 1982 for CPI-U, November 1984 for CPI-W.

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